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Fill in the blanks with the best answer.

1. When **Carrie Chapman Catt** became president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association in 1915, she revitalized the organization with a carefully crafted "winning plan."
2. When **Theodore Roosevelt** became president in 1901, one of his major concerns was using the power of the government to control trusts.
3. In foreign policy matters, President Taft naively believed that he could substitute "**dollars for bullets.**"
4. **W. E. B. Du Bois**, a Harvard graduate and black leader, attacked Booker T. Washington and in 1905 founded the Niagara movement, calling for equal civil rights for blacks and whites.
5. The 1910 **Mann Act** fought the "social evil" by making it illegal to transport women across state lines for "immoral purposes."
6. The new sociological theory of **reform Darwinism** insisted that the liberal state should play a more active role in solving social problems.
7. The most significant piece of legislation passed during Woodrow Wilson's presidency was the **Federal Reserve Act**, which established a national banking system.
8. During the 1910s, the **Industrial Workers of the World (IWW)** advocated direct action that would trigger a workers' uprising to improve the conditions of American laborers.
9. The National Woman's Party (NWP), a pro-suffrage organization founded by Alice Paul in 1916, wanted to win the franchise by means of **direct action and civil disobedience.**
10. Purity laws passed in the 1870s made it illegal to **distribute birth control literature and contraceptive devices.**
11. In 1902, Roosevelt offered **Colombia** a one-time sum of \$10 million and an annual rent of \$250,000 for the Panamanian isthmus.