

## Test 1 Solutions

Calculus III

January 29, 2008

1. Let  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{w} = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$ , and let  $\theta$  denote the angle between these two vectors. Compute the following:

(a)  $2\mathbf{v} - 3\mathbf{w} =$

$$2\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle - 3\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle = \langle 2, 8, 4 \rangle - \langle 3, 0, 3 \rangle = \langle 2-3, 8-0, 4-3 \rangle = \langle -1, 8, 1 \rangle$$

(b)  $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w} =$

$$\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle = (1)(1) + (4)(0) + (2)(1) = 1 + 0 + 2 = 3$$

(c)  $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w} =$

$$\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle \times \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle = \langle (4)(1) - (2)(0), (2)(1) - (1)(1), (1)(0) - (4)(1) \rangle = \langle 4, 1, -4 \rangle$$

(d)  $\text{proj}_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{v}) =$

$$\frac{\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle}{\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle} \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle = \frac{3}{2} \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle = \langle 3/2, 0, 3/2 \rangle$$

(e)  $\cos(\theta) =$

$$\frac{\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle}{|\langle 1, 4, 2 \rangle| |\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle|} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{1^2 + 4^2 + 2^2} \sqrt{1^2 + 0^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{42}}$$

(f)  $|\mathbf{v}| =$

$$\sqrt{1^2 + 4^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{21}$$

2. Consider the helix described by  $\mathbf{r} = \langle t, 2 \cos(t), 2 \sin(t) \rangle$ . Compute each of the following at the point  $(\frac{\pi}{4}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$ :

(a) velocity =

$$\mathbf{r}'(\pi/4) = \langle 1, -2 \sin(\pi/4), 2 \cos(\pi/4) \rangle = \langle 1, -\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2} \rangle$$

(b) speed=

$$|\mathbf{r}'(\pi/4)| = \sqrt{1^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2} = \sqrt{5}$$

(c) acceleration=

$$\mathbf{r}''(\pi/4) = \langle 0, -2 \cos(\pi/4), -2 \sin(\pi/4) \rangle = \langle 0, -\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2} \rangle$$

(d)  $\mathbf{T}$  =

$$\frac{\mathbf{r}'(\pi/4)}{|\mathbf{r}'(\pi/4)|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \langle 1, -\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2} \rangle$$

(e)  $\mathbf{N}$  =

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\mathbf{T}'(\pi/4)}{|\mathbf{T}'(\pi/4)|} &= \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \langle 0, -2 \cos(\pi/4), -2 \sin(\pi/4) \rangle}{\left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \langle 0, -2 \cos(\pi/4), -2 \sin(\pi/4) \rangle \right|} = \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{0^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2}} \langle 0, -\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2} \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \langle 0, -\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

(f)  $\mathbf{B}$  =

$$\mathbf{T} \times \mathbf{N} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \frac{1}{2} \langle 1, -\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2} \rangle \times \langle 0, -\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2} \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \langle 4, \sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2} \rangle$$

(g)  $\kappa$  =

$$\frac{|\mathbf{T}'(\pi/4)|}{|\mathbf{r}'(\pi/4)|} = \frac{2/\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{5}$$