

MS 494
Quiz 5
Chapters 7-8

1. _____ was a strong advocate of retaining the Army General Staff following the War of 1812.
 - a Thomas Jefferson
 - b Simon Bernard
 - c Jefferson Davis
 - d William Crawford

- 2 Andrew Jackson, during the First Seminole War
 - a invaded Spanish territory
 - b was victorious at the battle of Horseshoe Bend
 - c reorganized the Army supply system by stockpiling material at key road junctions
 - d defeated Chief Osceola with the help of the Upper Creek Indians

- 3 What was the name of the concept for maintaining the Army in war and peace derived in the 1820s by Secretary of War John C. Calhoun?
 - a. The "collapsing army."
 - b. The "ascending army."
 - c. The "expansible army."
 - d. The "non-expanding army."

- 4 The initial battle of the Second Seminole War, the Dade Massacre resulted in
 - a a successful ambush executed by the forces led by Micanopy, Alligator and Jumper
 - b the complete destruction of a Seminole raiding party
 - c. the loss of critical supplies and several cannon by MAJ Dade's force
 - d. Coach Bobby Bowden's retirement

- 5 MG Winfield Scott
 - a. successfully led the American forces during the Second Seminole War
 - b demonstrated his fitness for high command by the well-coordinated deployment of Regular and militia
 - c was recalled to Washington DC after he repeatedly violated the principle of war; simplicity.
 - d defeated the Creek Indian Nation near the present town of Scottsboro, AL

6. In reaction to Texas being admitted as the 28th State of the Union, the Mexican Government
 - a constructed a series of forts on the Nueces River
 - b Advanced north and began the Siege of Bexar
 - c Declared that the national sport of Mexico would be soccer
 - d. broke off diplomatic relations with the US

- 7 The three pronged attack planned by President Polk and General Scott included attacks on
 - a San Diego and Tampico
 - b Chihuahua and Cozumel
 - c Monterrey and San Diego
 - d Mexico City and Vera Cruz

8. The Battle of Buena Vista was an American victory even though the Mexican army outnumbered the Americans by 16,000 to 5,000, because
 - a. the Americans fought from an entrenched defensive position

- b. the Americans artillery support blunted the Mexican attacks
 - c. the Mexican army suffered from low morale and political unrest
 - c. CPT R. Lee's reconnaissance permitted a surprise counterattack led by COL J. Davis

- 9 Which American general led one of the great campaigns in U.S. military history with his march from the east coast of Mexico at Vera Cruz to its capital at Mexico City, culminating in the capture of the latter place in September 1847?
 - a. Zachary Taylor.
 - b. Winfield Scott.
 - c. Stephen Watts Kearney.
 - d. Alexander Doniphan.

- 10 What two mid-nineteenth century innovations in the technology of shoulder arms transformed the battlefields of the Civil War into killing grounds like no one had ever seen?
 - a. The percussion cap system of ignition and "minié ball" ammunition.
 - b. The socket bayonet and the sling.
 - c. The rear sight and the bayonet lug.
 - d. Rifling and the chambered breech.