

1. How many different initials are there for people's names, assuming that there may be as many as two middle names.
2. How many bit strings of length 8 do not contain two consecutive 0's.
3. A jar contains marbles colored blue, green, red, and yellow. Assuming you are blindfolded, how many marbles must you take to be sure to get 7 of the same color?
4. Let  $x$  be an irrational number. Show that the absolute value of the difference between  $jx$  and the nearest integer to  $jx$  is less than  $1/100$  for some positive integer  $j \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 100\}$ .
5. Give a combinatorial proof that  $C(n, k) = C(n, n - k)$ .
6. Give a combinatorial proof that  $2^n = \sum_{k=0}^n C(n, k)$
7. An exam consists of 35 true-false questions. Ten of the questions have "true" as the answer. How many answer keys are possible.
8. Prove mathematically that for what we regard as a fair coin, the 4th outcome is independent of the first 3 outcomes.
9. You draw 2 cards. Find the probability that the second one is a king given that the first one is a heart.
10. Find the probability of getting a full house in 5-card poker.
11. Find the recurrence relation for the number of ways of climbing  $n$  stairs, assuming you can take them one or two stairs at a time.
12. Prove that the relation on integers of "divides" is transitive.
13. Sketch the graph of the relation  $\{(2, 3), (6, 2), (4, 4), (4, 6)\}$
14. Consider the set of subsets of the set  $\{1, 2\}$  and the partial ordering given by inclusion. Draw the Hasse diagram.
15. Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function. Define a relation  $R$  on  $X$  by  $x_1 R x_2$  iff  $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ . Prove that  $R$  is an equivalence relation.
16. Review everything else.